

# 民國 102 年大專程度義務役預備軍官預備士官考試試題

## 科目：英文 (共二頁，第一頁)

考生注意事項： (一)本科目配分 100 分，共 40 題，每題配分 2.5 分，答錯不倒扣。

(二)每題均為單選題，請選出正確或最適當的答案，複選作答者，該題不予計分。

### I. Vocabulary: Questions 1-16. Choose the BEST ANSWER to complete the sentence.

- The pastor offered wise \_\_\_\_\_ to the troubled teenager.  
A integer                      B wrap                      C gale                      D **counsel**
- In matters of principle, stand like a \_\_\_\_\_; in matters of taste, swim with the current. (-Thomas Jefferson, A Writer's Reference-p. 63)  
A card                      B **rock**                      C bomb                      D hoof
- Frank would read under the street lamp outside his home because his \_\_\_\_\_ house was too shabby to have electricity. (North Star 4 p. 27)  
A fascinated                      B reinforced                      C propped                      D **dilapidated**
- What type of oil are you going to use to \_\_\_\_\_ that machine? (ALC, book 20, p. A-5 lubricate)  
A launch                      B lubricate                      C illuminate                      D illustrate
- Because caffeine fights fatigue, it \_\_\_\_\_ performance on tasks like driving, flying, and solving simple math problems. (Reading Explorer 3, p. 96, line 78)  
A **facilitates**                      B exhibits                      C increases                      D promotes
- The pilot reported a \_\_\_\_\_ in his right engine. (ALC, book 20, p. A-6 malfunction)  
A manifestation                      B maintenance                      C manufacture                      D **malfunction**
- Due to low \_\_\_\_\_ rates, the workforce gets smaller and less tax money is collected. (reading pass 2 p. 92)  
A fluctuation                      B **fertility**                      C fertilizer                      D florescence
- The rich businessman was \_\_\_\_\_ to building a school for the poor. (Ivy 2009. 3 p. 12)  
A **committed**                      B starved                      C jeopardized                      D converged
- Paul stayed home from work because he was feeling under the \_\_\_\_\_. (studio classroom 2009 July p. 57)  
A cold                      B bridge                      C **weather**                      D world
- The experts calculated that the world economy would \_\_\_\_\_ this year. (Ivy 2009 September p. 12)  
A stave                      B dunk                      C imply                      D **stabilize**
- The player is ill, so we must find a \_\_\_\_\_. (Ivy 2009 September p. 26)  
A operator                      B **substitute**                      C coordinator                      D detective
- With job cuts expected to continue, more workers are \_\_\_\_\_ their networking efforts, trying to build relationships in these bleak times. (Advanced, 2009, March, p. 18, line 1)  
A browsing through                      B strolling in                      C **ramping up**                      D rambling through
- If you have headaches for a \_\_\_\_\_ period, you should see a doctor. (cnn 2009 sep. 19)  
A **sustained**                      B regarded                      C shielded                      D isolated
- I need to be more \_\_\_\_\_ because my friends are complaining about how long it takes for me to choose. (Vocabulary I p. 94)  
A forgery                      B intent                      C **decisive**                      D observant
- There was a hole in the hose, and water \_\_\_\_\_ out all over me. (Vocabulary I p. 155)  
A **sprayed**                      B carried                      C washed                      D figured
- When the tickets are ready, the travel agency notifies the clients, lists each ticket on a daily register form, and files a copy of the \_\_\_\_\_.  
A infringement                      B refreshment                      C itinerary                      D subsidiary

### II. Grammar: Questions 17-28. Choose the CORRECT ANSWER to each question.

- \_\_\_\_\_ with the other children in her family, but she also got to meet many boys who stayed with the family while her father taught them Greek and Latin. (read and think 3 p. 29)  
A She not played only                      B She could not only play                      C Not only she could play                      D **Not only could she play**
- Mother said that she would be late for dinner, and asked me not to leave for choir practice until Dad \_\_\_\_\_ home.  
A come                      B **came**                      C was coming                      D comes
- The Pacific Tourism Board reported that the extremely hot weather in the area could have \_\_\_\_\_ effects on the number of tourists this season. (New TOEIC Hackers Academia p. 36)  
A **worrying**                      B worry                      C worries                      D worried
- Avocados have good, unsaturated fats, \_\_\_\_\_ growth and development of the central nervous system and the brain. (Advanced sept.2009 p. 23 )  
A that helps in                      B **which help with**                      C helped with                      D helping in
- The copy machine has not been repaired because the part it requires \_\_\_\_\_ out of stocks. (TOEIC Hackers Academia p. 147)  
A **is**                      B are                      C to be                      D to have been
- This shirt should be cleaned with neutral detergents and dried quickly to limit browning as \_\_\_\_\_ by the manufacturer. (New TOEIC Hackers Academia p. 37)  
A recommendation                      B recommending                      C **recommended**                      D recommend
- I don't own \_\_\_\_\_ Sam owns. (ALC, book 20, p. 101, Ex. B, 1)  
A as many lands as                      B as many as lands                      C as much as land                      D **as much land as**
- If you had set your alarm clock, you \_\_\_\_\_ late for the class. (Grammar Express Intermediate, p. 299, Q. 23)  
A **wouldn't have been**                      B might not be                      C shouldn't be                      D wouldn't be
- Bill: Have you ever fired a gun? Jack: What did you ask me? Bill: I asked you whether \_\_\_\_\_ a gun before. (ALC, book 22, p. 99, B/1)  
A have you fired                      B you have fired                      C **you had fired**                      D had you fired
- Mr. Brown, still unable to live with the humiliating defeat of the last match, often talks and behaves as if he \_\_\_\_\_ a peerless champion. (Reading GEPT Test Intermediate Longman p. 255 )  
A is still                      B would be still                      C will still be                      D **were still**
- Which of the following sentences is **INCORRECT**?  
A Abused children commonly exhibit one or more of the following **symptoms**: withdrawal, rebelliousness, restless, and depress.  
B Many states are reducing property taxes from homeowners and extending financial aid in the form of tax credits to renters.

【翻背面再答】

- C I was advised either to change my flight or to take the train.
- D It is easier to speak in abstractions than to ground one's thoughts in reality.

28. Which of the following sentences is **CORRECT**?

- A Bob warned me that gun on the top shelf of the cupboard was loaded.
- B A truck loaded with dynamite cut in front of our van. When truck skidded a few seconds later, we almost plowed into it.
- C During an eclipse, one should not look directly at sun.
- D **Our petite daughter dated the tallest boy in her class.**

III. Reading Comprehension: Questions 29-40. Read the following passages and choose the **BEST ANSWER** to each question.

**Questions 29-32** (A guide to writing with readings, p. 142, practice 1)

Judges can be divided, on the basis of their written opinions, into three categories: conservative, liberal, and centrist. Although all judges respect the law, conservative judges have an especially strong belief in the importance of the law and the history surrounding it. They believe that real justice comes only from strictly applying the law to the facts of a case, whether or not the outcome seems fair to an individual. On the other hand, liberal judges look beyond a rigid reading to the "spirit of the law" in their search for real justice in a case. They might broadly interpret the law in order to champion individual rights. The outcome of the case matters more to them than the letter of the law. Finally, centrist judges walk the middle ground between conservative and liberal. They do not apply the law as rigidly as conservative judges, yet they are not as willing as liberal judges to apply the law loosely. Having different types of judges helps balance the legal system; their differing views help protect both the law and individual rights.

29. What is the topic of this passage?

- A **types of judges**
- B written opinions of judges
- C spirit of the law
- D protecting individual rights

30. What kind of judges would hold moderate views while applying the law?

- A conservative
- B liberal
- C **centrist**
- D none of them

31. The word "champion" is closest in meaning to

- A win
- B **defend**
- C beat
- D respect

32. Which of the following statements is not implied in the passage?

- A Different judges apply the law in different manners.
- B Conservative judges value the law more than individual rights.
- C **Centrist judges are the best judges.**
- D Liberal judges do not apply the law to the letter.

**Questions 33-36** (ALC 21, p. 51)

Gray water, which is also called sullage, is used water that goes down the drain in your kitchen and bathroom. Gray water includes water from sinks, showers, washing machines, and dishwashers, but not toilets. This wastewater can be used more efficiently in two ways: by recycling it in the yard and garden or by sending it back to the bathroom to flush the toilet.

Nowadays, recycling gray water for use on plants and crops is quite easy. The normal method is simply to redirect the water to the yard. There are systems which are designed specifically to move gray water. These systems can be as easy as running a hose from the dishwasher out a window to the yard, or they can be engineered as part of the plumbing system in the house.

There are also methods to clean the water, such as sand filtering and treatment ponds. Cities have different rules about how gray water allowed to be used. In general, the most common regulations include not storing this water for more than a day and not allowing it to form pools or spread and run off the surface of the property.

In most regions of Europe and Australia, using gray water inside the house to flush toilets is common. The primary advantage of recycling gray water in this way is that household water use can be reduced by an average of 30 percent. However, it's important to note that laws detailing how long the water can be stored (usually one day) are strictly enforced.

33. Which of the following words does not have similar meaning to "sullage"?

- A wastewater
- B **pond water**
- C gray water
- D used water

34. According to the passage, where can gray water be used?

- A in the shower
- B in the swimming pool
- C in the dishwasher
- D **in the toilet**

35. The word "engineered" is closest in meaning to

- A created
- B **designed and built**
- C cleverly arranged
- D invented

36. Which of the following statements cannot be inferred from the passage?

- A **Gray water cannot be used to water the flowers directly before it is filtered by sand.**
- B It is possible to reuse gray water in a house without a built-in recycling system.
- C It is prohibited to let gray water overflow into your neighbor's yard.
- D Recycling water helps cut down your water bill.

**Questions 37-40** (ALC 24, p. 112)

The process of digestion in the human body begins even before food enters the mouth. When your eyes see food, your nose smells food, or your brain thinks about food, the mouth begins to produce saliva, or juices of the mouth, which helps to start the process of breaking down food. After you put food in your mouth, you chew it. When food is small enough to be swallowed, it travels down through the esophagus, a long, stretchy pipe about 10 inches long. Its job is to move the food from the mouth to the stomach.

The stomach, an organ shaped like the letter "J", is the next stop along the route. It has three main jobs: (a) to store food, (b) to further break down food with digestive juices and turn it into liquid, and (c) to empty the liquid into the small intestine. Once the liquid mixture produced by the stomach reaches the small intestine, the mixture is broken down even more so that the body can absorb all the vitamins and other nutrients it contains. Slowly the mixture passes through all 22 feet of the intestinal tract before reaching the large intestine. Overall, it takes approximately 24 to 72 hours for the human body to digest food.

37. Which of the following is the best title of this passage?

- A The Digestion Organs
- B **The Process of Digestion**
- C Time for Digestion
- D Food Processing

38. What does the word "saliva" mean?

- A a kind of starch
- B a kind of protein
- C **juices of the mouth**
- D sodium in the mouth

39. Which of the following statement is **TRUE**?

- A **Digestive juices help liquefy food.**
- B Food goes up the esophagus.
- C It takes two to three weeks to digest a meal.
- D The J-shaped organ is called the intestine.

40. Which of the following is not the job of the small intestine?

- A to absorb vitamins
- B to break down food
- C to move food to the large intestine
- D **to produce mixture**